

Canada Meter Stamp Newsletter



No. 28 FALL 1996

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EDITOR'S REMARKS

This Newsletter follows the format established in the last issue, namely it contains some continuing features. There are a couple of pages of Pitney Bowes postmark advertisements, sort of set out in chronological order. The same ad is often repeated in later years. If you have others let me have a copy to use.

Dave Cooper took time out from his pursuit of Nixdorf's to compile a new Index to our CMSG Newsletter for issues 1 through 27. This index will be very helpful in finding items you vaguely remember seeing somewhere. Thanks Dave.

The machine description sheet is also included and covers to Midget machine. The catalog is also included and completes our listing of Type 7. Kind people have sent in examples of some not shown and these are also copied to you here.

I want to thank several people (3) for making comments on our proposed system for cataloging the newer meters. All comments will try to be implemented. I also want to acknowledge the fine job that Alan Draves does in keeping the meter town list up to date. It seems to me that almost every small town will soon have a meter and it would be easier to list those that have not yet been seen. Thanks a lot Alan. His contribution is included as usual.

Nixdorfs are put over to a future issue. There is much to be gained by doing the entire list again until we get more information. Canada Post announced they propose to close 5,000 offices in the near future. Some alternative form of service must be provided. In many instances they are reverting to the system of a century ago where the postoffice was located in the general store, or in the corner of someones kitchen. Franchises will be awarded in many communities. I would ask out "Nixdorf" searchers to attempt to find out the criteria which Canada post uses to determine what type of office gets a Nixdorf and what type gets the Pitney Bowes form, or just loose stamp operation. The new Postal Guide is out and contains more Postal Outlets, someone said we will have 500 by the end of the year.

The Postal Guide does not give the office number but I was told that the number is a key to the offices having Nixdorf accounting systems.

There is a description of postage meter ad preparation included in the Newsletter with a few examples reduced in size.

OTHER USES FOR METERS SIMILIAR TO POSTAGE METERS

Excise Tax for cheques and other documents

Unemployment Insurance to record payment in books

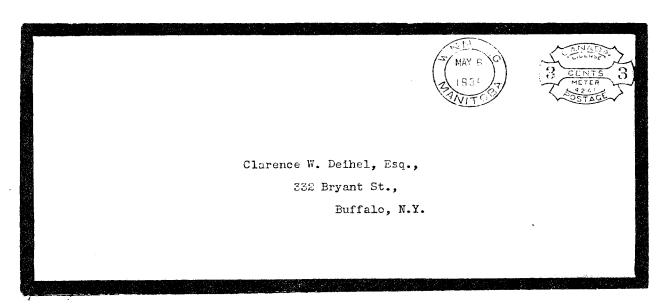
Canada Wire owned a meter to pay CSA fees for wire.

Vacation with Pay - Province of Alberta in the 1950's. The meter was something like a UIC meter.

Park License - Province of Saskatchewan. A DM meter with an extra "0" so \$2.00 goes on the Annual Pass.

Duck License, also for the Province of Saskatchewan

Has anyone seen any of the last three? If so please send a copy for the Newsletter.



Mourning covers are often found with adhesive stamps. Metered covers are quite scarce. This one is a late use for King George V who died in January of 1936.

VERNEY MILLS OF CANADA, LIMITED
AT POINT OF MAILING

MP 50







Wilf Whitehouse sent in the above addition to his WW II Patriotic slogans found in Publication No. 1, as MP-50, Verney Mills, Granby, Quebec

Philatelists like this type of item sent in by Wilf Whitehouse. The cover would have been carried FREE from Kingston, Jamaica, to Montreal aboard Canadian National Steamship "Lady Somers" in June 1940. On arrival at Montreal, C.N. applied postage from meter 94092 at the drop rate for delivery in the city.

Lady Somers was one of five cruise ships of about 8000 tons, named after famous British admirals, which carried freight and passengers from Montreal to the West Indies. In September 1939, Lady Somers and Lady Nelson were equipped with guns and became known as Defensively Equipped Merchant Ships (D.E.M.S.) The Lady Somers was sunk the summer of 1941.

Lady Hawkins was sunk in early 1942, with a loss of 250 lives.

Lady Drake was also sunk the summer of 1942.

Lady Nelson surved the war as a hospital ship.

Lady Rodney also survived the war.

Consignee Mail

JUN10'40

ST WETER ST * 0

JAMAICA FRUIT & SHIPPING CO., LTD., KINGSTON, JAMAICA, B.W.I.

Messrs. General Foods Ltd.,

3510 Albert St.,

Montreal,

CANADA.



Another maritime cover on brown paper, Cunard White Star line postmark ad.

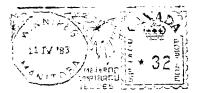


A FEW PROBLEMS WITH METERS

Monarch Life had at least two postage meters, a perfectly good one and the second had the townmark hammered into place. This is a constant variety over a period of time - at least from 8 II'83 to 12 IX'83. Why would it happen?



THE MONARCH LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY BOX 2100 WINNIPEG, MANITOBA R3C 3A2



The PB 5000 series meter has lost a wavy line. This is also a constant variety over quite a period of time.



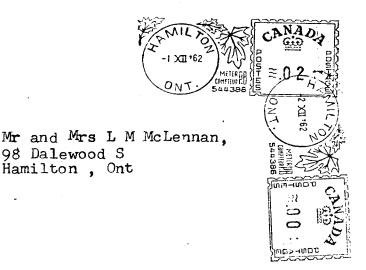
Someone sent in a photocopy which will not reprint. It is a Type 8 from QUEBEC, QUEBEC, probably the province. The date is unusual as it is:- 7 12 / 12 AM / 1965

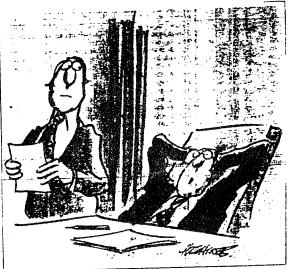
The PB Type 8 impression below is an example of the card catching in the meter and then slipping.

The example below shows a drop letter rate of 2c applied 1 XII'62. The letter was not posted that day and so the additional impression with a "00" rate shows the new date of posting as 2 XII'62 to comply with Post Office regulations.









Tive just given the okay for the purchase of a postage meter, a digital readout scale, the latest in folder inserter combinations and a nice little electric letter opener. God help us if CUPW decides to take another walk.

HERE'S HOW TO CHOOSE

THE RIGHT SIZE AD FOR YOUR POSTAGE METER

You should know the maximum printing area (i.e., width and height) available in your particular model of postage meter, in order to take full advantage of the Postmark Advertising space.

This page will help you do this quickly and easily.

The artwork you supply should be twice actual size, and in the proper proportions. In ordering plates always be sure to indicate the model or serial number of your postage meter.

MODEL н

MAXIMUM PRINTING AREA OF POSTMARK AD FOR MODEL H MITTER 1, x 1-2 INCHES

MODEL D M

FOR DM $^{11}\,\mu^{\,7}x^{\,11}\,\mu$ MODEL R

MAXIMUM PRINTING AREA OF POSTMARK AD FOR MODEL R METER (N) (INCHES

MODEL JP

MAXIMUM PRINTING AREA OF POSTMARK AD FOR MODEL DJ METER " IN A 11 2 INCHES MODEL c v

MAXIMUM PRINTING AREA OF POSTMARK AD FOR MODEL CV METER 1x11 INCHES

HOW TO PREPARE TYPE-SET ADS

Although we recommend use of good art and layout in Postmark Advertising we recognize that type-set ads

The type faces shown are available for your use in Postmark Advertising. Send us your copy, indicate by number the type styles you prefer (or leave it up to our typegrapher)—we will do the rest.

Underscore words you want emphasized and we will set larger in proportion to balance of copy. Type faces are shown on the next page for style, nut size, so don't measure type to size as we will enlarge or reduce to fit.

Use bold face for messages of few words, light face for longer messages, medium face for average messages—

and remember: the longer the message, the more difficult it is to read.

Postmark Advertisements can be printed in their naximum sizes even on small envelopes (Nos. 014, etc.) without over-printing the return addresses as follows:-

- Keep return address close to top edge of envelope. Postmark Ad will print underneath it.
- Set return address close to left-hand edge of envelope and in a condensed type. Postmark Advertisement will print to right of it.
- Set return address vertically on left-hand end of envelope. Postmark Advertising will print to right

STAMP CORNER

Value of postage meters often ignored by collectors

BY IAN KIMMERLY Special to the Globe and Mail

An understanding of the elements which define what is a postage stamp will help the collector apropreciate what is most or least collectable. For example, postal historians using this definition — a means of indicating the prepayment to a government postal service — have proved that certain postmarks can be labelled as postage stamps. While there is much research on the subject of what postal markings can be defined as postage stamps, especially in the pre-adhesive stamp period, there is very little to be found in philatelic literature on what constitutes a stamp in the post 1840 period. understanding

od.

Last week I surveyed the introduction of the postcard with prepaid stamps printed on the card. One feature of these postcards is that after their initial introduction the idea caught on much more quickly than did adhesive postage stamps. This week, we turn to another type of stamp, the postage meter, one which is usually revited by collectors. And we will find that this type of stamp also took a long time to catch on.

A postage meter impression,

time to catch on.

A postage meter impression, whether printed directly onto an envelope or printed on a gummed label which is then affixed to the envelope or parcel, fulfills all the envelope stamp. However because, the minds of most collectors, these are so different from the adhesive stamps and also have largely replaced stamps in commercial mailings, collectors either actively hate meters or at best, ignore them.

Postage meters made their debut

ignore them.

Postage meters made their debut in Norway in 1900. A machine was installed in the General Post Offsce at Kristiania (now Oslo) on August 24 but was withdrawn three weeks later. The public inserted coins, affixed the meter to the envelope, and postal officials then put stamps on the envelope equal in value to the meter. It is not surprising that this cumbersome method did not catch on. catch on.

Other experiments over the next two decades occurred in the United States internally within the post office department from 1903-1904

and later in 1912 and 1914. Norway tried again from 1903-1905, but the best documented experiment began in Great Britain in London on January 25, 1912. A total of 1,050 etters and cards were sent using a letters and caros were sent using a postal meter impression on the first day. However the number dwindled to about two dozen a day and the machine was removed at the end of August of the same year.

and the machine was removed at the end of August of the same year. While these three countries discontinued the experiment, postage meters caught on in New Zealand. First introduced in 1904, there were more than fifty machines in operation by 1810 and their popularity continued. The only discouraging aspect of the use of meters by New Zealanders was that the Universal Postal Union (UPU) did not recognize the international validity of postal meters until 1821. Metered mail going overseas would have additional postage stamps affixed by the post office.

For more than two decades after their introduction, postal meters were experimentally tried in only three countries and found regular and widespread use in only one country. After the UPU recognized postage meters for international mail, use of them became sanctioned and eventually widespread in the United States and Great Britain. Later in the same year, 1922, they were introduced into india and Egypt. In 1921 Germany, Canada and Switzeriand joined the small group of countries with postage meters. After 1924 the numbers grew dramatically although a few countires held out until after the Second World War.

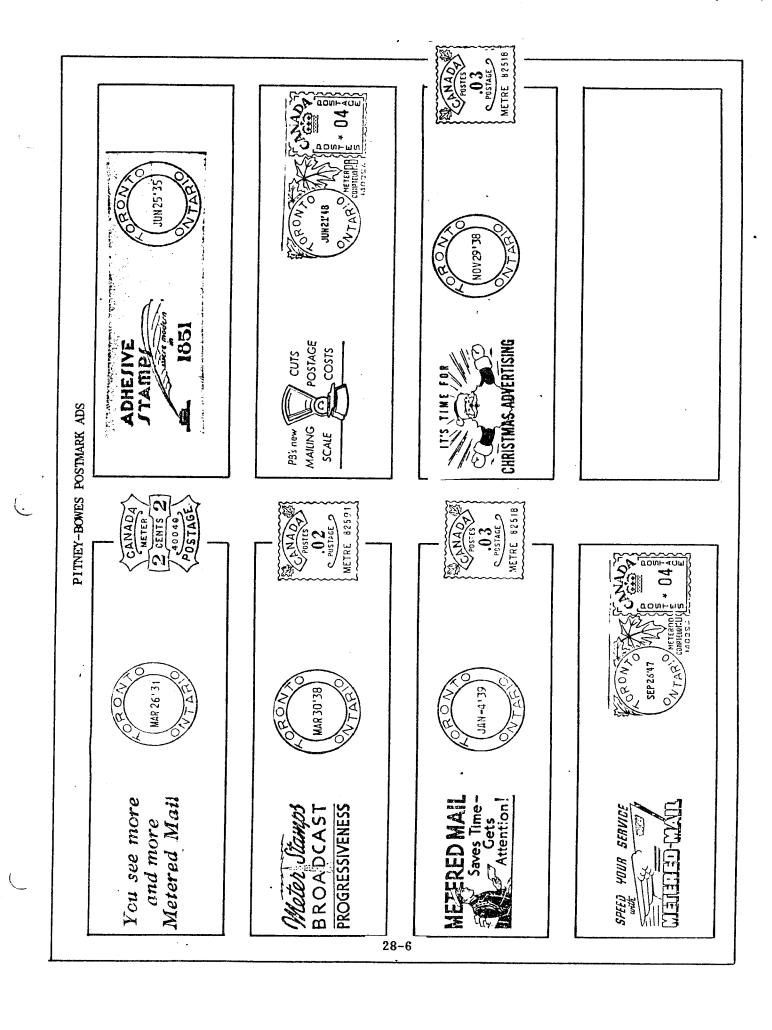
Even if one is not a serious collector of postage meters it is quite easy to see the speed that some of the postage meters it is quite easy to see the speed that some of the postage meters is to quite easy to see the speed that some of the postage meters is to quite easy to see the speed that some of

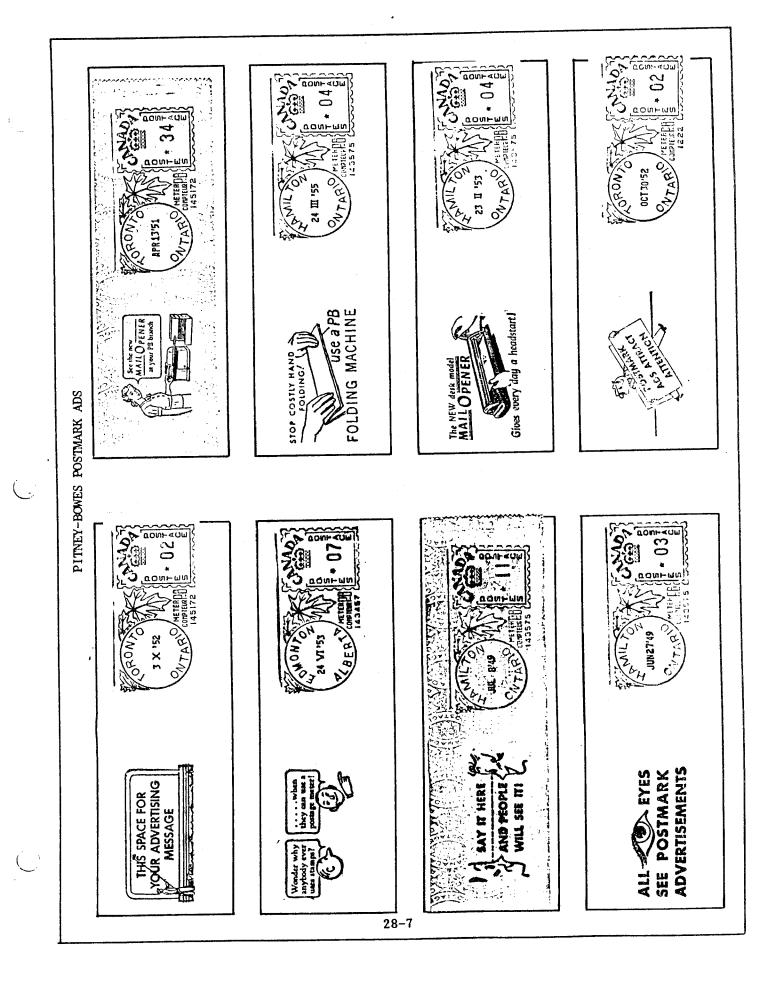
Even if one is not a serious con-lector of postage meters it is quite easy to see the appeal that some of the torerunners would have. Also, stamp collectors should not ignore the potential value of some early meters. For instance, many early meters of Newfoundland featured a meters of Newfoundation features a new of South West Arm, Trinity and these are quite sought after with the result that they are worth considerably more than similar commercial covers with traditional postage stamps.

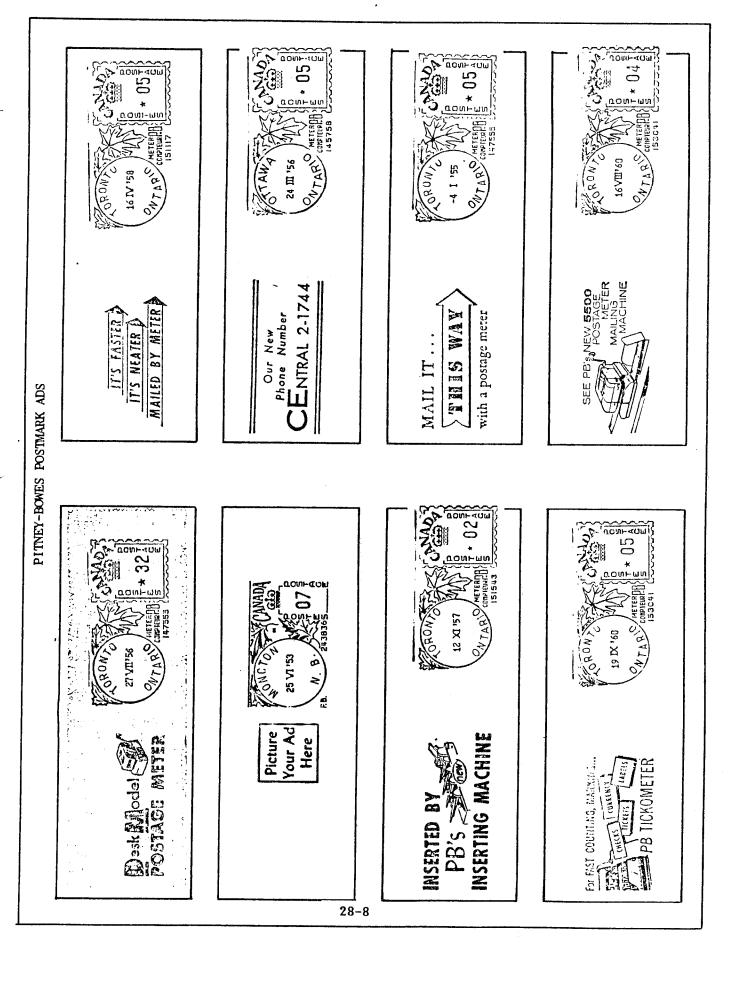
postage stamps.

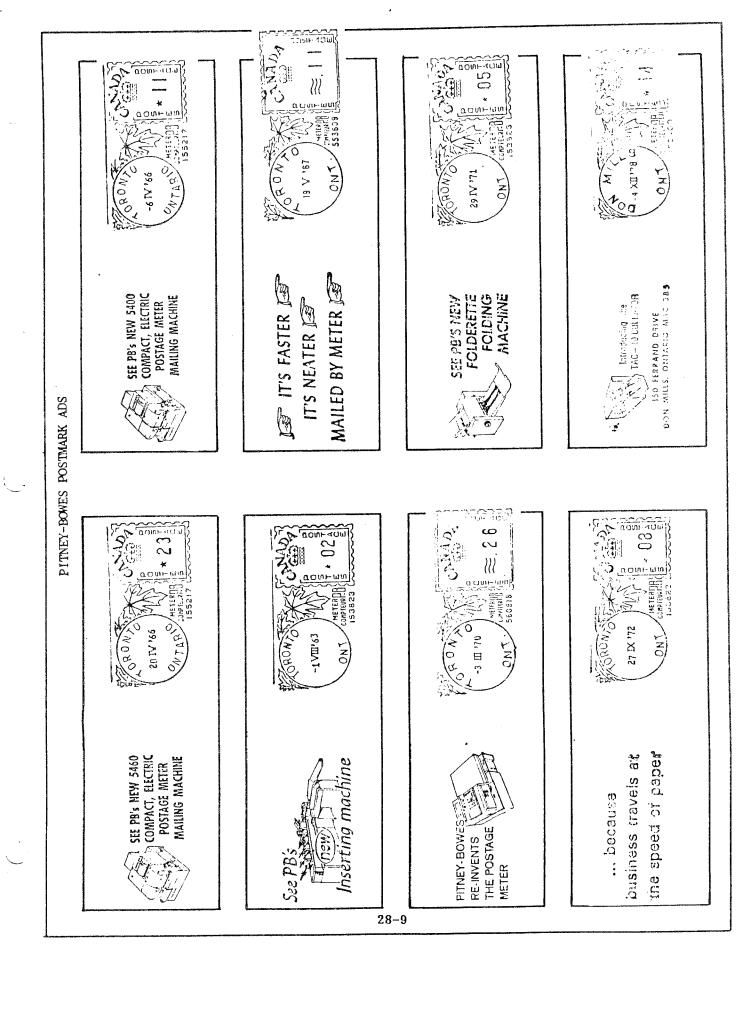
This weekend the 1990 stamp season is kicked off with the international stamp show, Phil-Ex, at the Royal York today from 10 a.m. until 6 p.m. and tomorrow from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

From: The Globe and Mail Saturday, January 13, 1990









CANADIAN METER STAMP GROUP

Postage Meter Detail

Manufacturer: UPF for Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter Model: Midget MV-3

Date Approved: July 8, 1926 Serial Block: 195, 197, 331-380, 451-

515, 541-580, 601-640, 661-740, 781-

832, 881-930, 1421-1470, 2006-2009, 2076

Earliest Use:

Postage Range: Maximum Prepaid, \$:

Locks Out, \$: Postal ads:

Ad Plate Size: Day Suppression:

Return Postage Die: Tapes: Wet: Pressure:

Mailing Machine Meter Used On

Model: Midget MV-3

Capability: Multi-value

Description of Indicia

Rate Frame: Shield type, 25×22

Date Mark: DMY, month in RN

Town Mark: 24/16 dc province in full

Setting: 25 Overall: 25 x 72

Other Information:

Midget meters were to be withdrawn in 1938

MV-5 meters were 2007, 2009, 2076

CMSG METER CATALOG

Type	indicia	Remarks
7.5	OCT 18 5 30 PM 18 25 METRE 04007	PB Model CA TM as Type 1 Indicia as Type 7.2 Setting 5, Prov. abbr.
7.5.1	ORONO ONTARO NETRE CENT	Date biank
7.5.2	JUL 11 OPON POSTES POSTAGE METRE 02004	Prov. is full
7.5.3	MAY 20 1936 MAY 20 1936 METRE 04004	Postal station in TM
7.5.4	NCE EBEO 1 IF 18 48 POSTABE METRE 640EE	Date: DM/Y/T
7.5.5	NOV Z 1944 METRE 64094	NPO in townmark
7.5.6	DEC B 7 PM 1934 POSTAGE METRE 00000	SPECIMEN meter

CMSG METER CATALOG

Type	indicis	Remarks
7.6	PONT. ON T. ON T.	PB Model CA TM as Type 1 Indicia as Type 7.2 Setting 21
7.6.1	NOV 5 1938 NOV 5 1938 METRE 00000	SPECIMEN meter
7.6.2	REPLID METRE 54000	RETURN POSTAGE PREPAID

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Alberta: town list: 7-9
Decimal rate meters: 7-6
Excise meters: 19-7, 24-5, 26-14
Excise meters: catalogue: 24-10
Fractional rate meters: 7-6
Hasler meters: 4-1, 5-1, 11-2, 11-6, 13-3, 18-13
Hasler meters: date varieties: 25-8
Hasler meters: no townmark: 12-4
Hasler meters: varieties: 20-2, 26-13
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House of Commons: 9-2
Hudson's Bay Co. meters: 24-4
Law meters: BC: 2-3, 8-14
Law meters: QC: 2-3, 8-14
Meters: 1933: 13-4, 14-3
Meters: essays: 17-5, 18-2, 22-3, 27-2
Meters: history: 20-11
Meters: index to meter types: 27-3
Meters: regulations: 15-7, 17-5, 18-2, 24-1, 25-16
Meters: USA-Canada comparison: 18-7
Military meters: 3-5, 5-7, 8-1, 10-1, 11-2
Newfoundland meters: 15-5, 17-3
Nixdorf meters: 20-18, 21-2, 22-2, 24-12, 26-2
Nixdorf meters: by number: 23-2, 24-13, 27-5
Nixdorf meters: by office number: 27-7
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PB Electronic meter: 5-6
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Permit meters: 6-6
Post office meters: 16-3, 17-2, 17-4, 18-4, 26-3
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Prisoner of War meters: 15-2
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Slogans: Christmas: 10-4, 11-1, 12-5
Slogans: early: 12-7, 13-1, 21-11
Slogans: Expo '67: 15-4, 16-7
Slogans: Olympic: 25-10
Slogans: patriotic: 4-4, 5-1, 5-9, 6-1, 13-9, 14-6, 14-9 Slogans: patriotic: 17-1, 17-6, 27-10 Slogans: postal directive: 8-8, 25-14
Slogans: Royal visit: 11-1
Specimen meters: 6-2, 9-6, 10-4, 12-7, 13-9, 18-3, 21-13
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Townmark varieties: Canada: 8-1, 15-4
Townmark: errors: 7-4, 8-6, 9-2, 14-6, 15-4, 17-1
Townmark: missing: 12-4, 23-3
Type 1: 2-6, 23-6
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Type 1: catalogue: 19-5, 20-9, 27-12
 Type 1: earliest use: 20-15
 Type 1: list by meter number: 19-11, 20-17, 23-4
 Type 1: town list: 2-2, 3-1
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 Type 2: catalogue: 20-10
 Type 2: town list: 2-2
 Type 2: values: 5-7, 8-19
 Type 3: 15-7, 16-6
 Type 3: catalogue: 21-7, 24-17
 Type 3: early and late dates: 21-15
 Type 3: town list: 2-2, 3-1, 4-2, 8-4
 Type 3: values: 5-7, 8-19, 14-7
 Type 4: 22-5
Type 4: catalogue: 22-4
Type 4: town list: 2-2
Type 5: catalogue: 23-11, 24-17
Type 5: town list: 3-1, 4-2
Type 5: values: 5-7, 8-19
Type 6: catalogue: 23-13, 24-17
Type 6: prisoner of War: 15-2
Type 6: town list: 3-2, 4-2
Type 6: values: 5-7, 8-19
Type 7: catalogue: 25-7, 26-10, 27-2, 27-13
Type 7: date varieties: 3-4, 23-3, 25-8
Type 7: town list: 4-3, 5-2, 6-5, 8-4
Type 7: values: 5-7, 8-19, 19-3
Type 8: town list: 5-3, 6-5, 8-4
Type 8: values: 5-7, 8-19
Type 9: Dept. P.P. & S.: 15-5
Type 9: town list: 5-3, 6-5, 8-4
Type 10: 24-16
Type 10: catalogue: 24-3
Type 10: town list: 5-3
Type 11: 3-2
Type ll: date varieties: 26-16
Type 11: essays: 17-5, 18-2
Type 11: Mail-o-mat: 12-7, 19-13
Type 11: permit meter: 6-6
Type 12: 11-5
Type 12: no townmark: 23-3
Type 12: permit meter: 6-6, 14-8
Tope 12: town list: 6-9, 8-4, 12-7
Type 14: 3-2
Type 14: late use: 19-13
Type 15: 19-13
Type 15: town list: 7-1
Type 16: town list: 7-1
Type 17: 9-1
Type 17: town list: 7-1, 8-4
Type 18: 2-1, 17-6
Type 19: 11-5, 15-3, 16-2, 19-16
Type 21: 3-2, 5-1, 16-2, 21-13, 23-3
Type 22: 2-1, 21-14
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Type 23: 17-6

Type 23: early date: 6-1

Type 40: by register number and town: 8-10, 14-5, 14-7

Type 40: town list: 7-2

Type 41: by register number and town: 8-10, 14-5, 14-7 Type 41: town list: 7-2, 8-4, 9-2

Unemployment insurance meters: 25-2

Wiring meters: 10-2, 11-3, 12-4

Yukon Territories: townlist: 11-6, 12-3, 19-14



EXCISE TAX METER MACHINES INSURANCE METER MACHINES POST OFFICE EQUIPMENT

DWES of CANADA, LTD., formerly

DSTAGE METERS LIMITED



HEAD OFFICE TORONTO, CANADA.

June 17, 1947.

Will You Help Us

By Checking and Returning the Enclosed Blue Sheet?

We wonder if you'd take a few minutes of your busy day to do us an important favour - a favour that may very likely benefit you as well as us?

On the attached blue sheet you'll find a few questions about the Postage Meter which, as you probably know, is a government-licensed mailing device. (*) The replies to these questions will help us determine how effective we have been in telling the business public of the advantages of Postage Meters.

As you'll see, the questions are simple and they can be answered with just a checkmark so it won't take you long to reply. But from your answers and those of other businessmen, we can determine what people already know about the advantages of Postage Meters and whether our presentation has been of interest to all types of businesses.

That's why we'd consider it a special favour if you would answer the short list of questions on the attached sheet and return it to us. And since we're sending this letter to only a few typical business groups, your individual reply will be highly important in giving us a representative picture.

There's an addressed envelope enclosed for your connvenience - it's postagepaid. Just insert the blue sheet and drop it in the mail. And thanks very much for your co-operation.

KCD/McG.

Enc.

K. C. Dalglish Vice-President & General Manager.

(*) The "Specimen" attached above illustrates how the Postage Meter prints postage and dated postmark directly on envelopes, replacing ordinary stamps.

Here is a use for SPECIMEN postage meters, namely as advertising to promote the use of postage meters.

ADDITIONS TO THE CANADA TOWN LIST

ALTA AIRWAYS CALGARY * BRAGG CREEK BRENTWOOD POSTAL * HINES CREEK LAKEVIEW CALGARY * PLACE CONCORDE * ROSEBUD

BC GARIBALDI HIGHLANDS MOUNTAIN HW * TSAWWASSEN VALEMOUNT

SMITH

MAN MCGILL POSTAL * PIERSON RIVERTON SPRAGUE WESTDALE P.S. *

NB GRAND-ANSE GRAND MANAN ISLAND ST GEORGE VICTORIA

NFLD DUNVILLE

NS COLE HARBOUR LOWER WOODS HARBOR MIC MAC BLVD * MIDDLE WEST PUBNICO WALTON

NWT IQALUIT

ONT ALVINSTON ARISS **ARSLEY** BAINSVILLE BALTIMORE BOLER ROAD * BOURGET DESBARATS DEVLIN EMBRO FLORADALE GLOUCESTER HARCOURT HOLLAND LANDING

KOMOKA LAWRENCE * MILLBANK MOREWOOD MOSSLEY

NORTH LANCASTER

ORONO PETERSBURG ROSSEAU ST AGATHA ST DAVIDS

SHERWOOD FOREST * SPRINGBANK D * WARDSVILLE WELLINGTON R *

YORK

PEI CARDIGAN SHERWOOD

PQ COTEAU-DU-LAC DOLLARD DES ORMEAUX GASCONS # GREENFIELD PARK

> KIRKLAND LAC-DES-AIGLES L'ECHOUERIE LES CEDRES MONT-GABRIEL MONT-LOUIS PABOS PETIT-CAP

ROUYN-NORANDA

ST-ALPHONSE-DE-GRANBY

STE-BLANDINE

ST-DONAT-DE-RIMOUSKI

STE-FELICITE STE-FLAVIE SAINT-GODEFROI

ST-PHILIPPE-DE-NERI ST-SIMEON-DE-BONAVENTURE

STE-THERESE-DE-GASPE

* These do not show the province name in the townmark. All are Nixdorf

Postal directories show the spelling GASCONS. The meter print shows an error, GASCON.

Please report any new Canada towns to: Alan Draves, P.O. Box 2009, Cridersville OH 45806.

Please include the EXACT spelling of town as shown in the town circle, and meter number (if legible) in all reports.

The Canada Town List is available from Alan Draves, P.O. Box 2009, Cridersville The price is \$1.00 U.S. or \$1.25 Canadian, postpaid. DH 45806.